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What is claimed is:

 A method of forming a barrier layer on a semiconductor device comprising:

providing a substrate including at least one semiconductor layer;

fabricating the semiconductor device proximate to the substrate;

depositing a silicon-containing material from a silicon source over at least a portion of the semiconductor device; and processing the silicon-containing material with a reactive agent selected to react with silicon atoms of the silicon-containing material to form the barrier layer.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the silicon source is a silazane.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the silicon source is selected from the group comprising hexamethyldisilazane,
- tetramethyldisilazane, octamethylcyclotetrasilazine,
 hexamethylcyclotrisilazine, diethylaminotrimethylsilane and
 dimethylaminotrimethylsilane.

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- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the silicon-containing material is from a silane source.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the reactive agent is selected from the group comprising Nh_3 , N_2 , O_2 , O_3 , N_20 and NO.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the barrier layer is primarily nitride.
 - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the barrier layer is primarily oxide.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the barrier layer is primarily oxynitride.
 - 9. A method of forming a barrier layer comprising:

providing a substrate including at least one semiconductor layer;

fabricating a first semiconductor device proximate to the substrate;

depositing a silicon-containing material over at least a portion of the first semiconductor device;

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processing the silicon-containing material with a reactive agent selected to react with silicon atoms of the silicon-containing material to form the barrier layer; and

fabricating a second semiconductor device over the barrier layer.

- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the reactive agent is NH_3 and the barrier layer is primarily nitride.
- 11. A method of forming a barrier layer comprising: providing a silicon substrate including at least one semiconductor layer;

vapor depositing a silicon-containing material from a silazane source over at least a portion of the silicon substrate; and

processing the silicon-containing material in a reactive ambient selected to react with silicon atoms of the silicon-containing material at a processing temperature, a processing time and a processing pressure.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein vapor depositing a silicon-containing material and processing the silicon-containing material are repeated at least once.

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- 13. The method of claim 11, wherein the processing temperature is about 850°C, the processing time is about 60 seconds and the processing pressure is about 450 Torr.
- 14. A method of forming a barrier layer in a semiconductor device including a transistor structure, said transistor structure including a source, a drain and a gate oxide layer formed over an active area between said source and drain, said method comprising:

depositing a silicon-containing material over at least a portion of the transistor structure;

processing the silicon-containing material in a reactive ambient to form the barrier layer; and

forming a gate electrode over the barrier layer.

- 15. The method of claim 14 further comprising: doping the gate electrode with phosphor.
- 20 16. The method of claim 14 further comprising: doping the gate electrode with boron.

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- 17. The method of claim 14, wherein processing the siliconcontaining material in a reactive ambient comprises processing
 the silicon-containing material in an oxidizing agent causing
 silicon atoms of the silicon-containing material to bond with
 oxygen atoms of the oxidizing agent.
- 18. A method of forming a capacitor device with a barrier layer, the method comprising:

forming an electrode over a substrate;

depositing a silicon-containing material over the electrode;

processing the silicon-containing material using rapid

thermal nitridation with a nitridizing reactant to form the

barrier layer; and

forming a dielectric layer over the barrier layer.

- 19. A device comprising:
 - a substrate having at least one semiconductor layer;
- a semiconductor device fabricated proximate to the substrate; and
- a silicon-containing barrier layer formed over at least a portion of the semiconductor device by subjecting silicon-containing material in a precursor layer formed over the portion

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of the semiconductor device to a reactive agent selected to react with silicon of the silicon-containing material.

- 20. The device of claim 19, wherein the silicon-containing barrier layer is oxynitride.
 - 21. A semiconductor device comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a source formed in the substrate;
 - a drain formed in the substrate;
 - a gate oxide formed over the substrate;
 - a silicon-containing barrier layer vapor deposited over the gate oxide and processed in a reactive ambient; and
 - a gate electrode formed over the silicon-containing barrier layer.
 - 22. The semiconductor device of claim 21, wherein the silicon-containing barrier layer is processed for at least 60 seconds at a pressure of 450 Torr and at a temperature range of 700°C to 900°C.
 - 23. The semiconductor device of claim 21 further comprising:

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a second silicon-containing barrier layer vapor deposited over the gate electrode and processed in a reactive ambient.

- 24. The semiconductor device of claim 21, wherein the silicon containing barrier layer is formed from hexamethyldisilazane.
- 25. The semiconductor device of claim 21, wherein the reactive ambient is a nitridizing agent and the barrier layer is primarily nitride.
- 26. The semiconductor device of claim 21, wherein the reactive ambient is an oxidizing agent and the barrier layer is primarily oxide.
- 15 27. A semiconductor device comprising:
 - a substrate having at least one semiconductor layer;
 - a metal layer formed over the substrate; and
 - a silicon-containing barrier layer formed over the metal layer by depositing a silicon-containing material over the metal layer and causing silicon atoms of the silicon-containing material to react with a reactant.
 - 28. A semiconductor device comprising:

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- a substrate having at least one semiconductor layer;
- a transistor structure formed proximate to the substrate, the transistor structure having:
 - a source formed in the substrate;
 - a drain formed in the substrate; and
 - a gate oxide layer formed over the substrate substantially between the source and drain; and
- a primarily oxide silicon-containing barrier layer formed over the gate oxide layer by reacting silicon atoms of the silicon-containing barrier layer with a primarily oxidizing reactant.
- 29. A semiconductor device comprising:
 - a substrate having at least one semiconductor layer;
- a transistor structure formed proximate to the substrate, the transistor structure having:
 - a source formed in the substrate;
 - a drain formed in the substrate; and
 - a gate oxide layer formed over the substrate

substantially between the source and drain; and

an oxynitride silicon containing barrier layer formed over the gate oxide layer by reacting silicon atoms of the silicon-

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containing barrier layer with a oxidizing and nitridizing reactant.

- 30. A capacitor device comprising:
 - a first electrode formed over a substrate;
- a primarily nitride silicon-containing barrier layer formed over the electrode;
- a dielectric layer formed over the primarily nitride silicon-containing barrier layer; and
 - a second electrode formed over the dielectric layer.
- 31. A computer system comprising:
 - at least one processor;
 - a system bus;
- a memory device coupled to the system bus, the memory device including one or more memory cells comprising:
 - a substrate;
 - a drain formed in the substrate;
 - a source rail formed in the substrate;
- a first oxide layer deposited over the substrate stretching from the drain to the source rail;
- a silicon-containing barrier layer deposited over the first oxide layer; and

a gate electrode deposited over the silicon-containing barrier layer.